CLI fundamentals

File Path – string representing the location or hierarchy of file in a file system.

Command-line flag (flag for short e.g. git - -help) - modifies the command

Argument (math) - an independent variable associated with a function and determining the value of the function. For example, in the expression *y* = *F* ( *x1*, *x2* ), the arguments of the function *F* are *x* 1 and *x* 2, and the value is *y*.

Argument (computing) - a value or address passed to a procedure or function at the time of call.

pwd – print working directory

cd – change directory

mkdir – make directory

ls/dir – list files/directories in current directory

-a to show hidden files

touch – creates a file with the given name and extension

explorer/open/code – open a file with your machines default app for that certain extension

cp – copy; 1st argument is the file being copied 2nd argument is the output path or filename  
 -r to copy directories (recursive)

mv – move; moves a file to a desired location in a similar fashion as cp